SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education School District of Cornell Cornell, Wisconsin

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of Cornell, Wisconsin (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of Cornell, Wisconsin as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District of Cornell and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter – Change in Accounting Principle

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District adopted new Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The guidance requires lessees to recognize a right-to-use lease asset and corresponding lease liability and lessor to recognize a lease receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources for all leases with lease terms greater than twelve months. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District of Cornell's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the School District of Cornell's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District of Cornell's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, other postemployment benefits plan schedules, and pension plan schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted a management's discussion and analysis and single-employer OPEB plan schedules that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District of Cornell's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200. Uniform Administrative Requirements. Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the schedule of state financial assistance as required by the State Single Audit Guidelines are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and the schedule of state financial assistance is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 14, 2023, on our consideration of the School District of Cornell's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District of Cornell's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering School District of Cornell's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Eau Claire, Wisconsin February 14, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 7,247,679
Taxes Receivable	445,767
Due from Other Governments	271,263
Wisconsin Retirement System Net Pension Asset	1,272,499
Other Postemployment Benefits Net OPEB Asset	254,658
Capital Assets:	
Not Subject to Depreciation/Amortization	
Land	22,650
Work in Process	418,876
Subject to Depreciation/Amortization	
Land Improvements	910,248
Buildings and Improvements	7,503,360
Furntiure and Eqipment	2,188,017
Lease Asset (Right to Use)	25,108
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(6,627,894)
Total Assets	13,932,231
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Related	2,393,128
State Life Insurance OPEB Plan Related Items	83,754
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,476,882
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	14,198
Payroll Taxes and Withholdings	494,579
Unearned Revenues	11,247
Long-Term Liabilities:	
State Life Insurance Plan Net OPEB Liability	218,820
Amounts Due Within One Year	52,795
Amounts Due In More than One Year	8,365
Total Liabilities	800,004
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Related	2,999,424
State Life Insurance OPEB Plan Related Items	21,737
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,021,161
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,423,957
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	4,285,251
Special Projects	259,435
Community Service	37,494
WRS Pension Plan Asset	1,272,499
OPEB Asset	254,658
Food Service	243,669
Other	31,614
Unrestricted	1,779,371
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 12.587,948</u>

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Functions/Programs	ı	Expenses		Charges For Services	(m Revenues Operating Grants and ontributions	Gr	Capital rants and	Re C No	et (Expense) evenue and changes in et Position Total evernmental Activities
·		Exponede		30111000		onanbadono	001	itilbationo		touvidoo
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: Instruction: Regular Instruction Vocational Instruction	\$	1,801,781 180,575	\$	347,287	\$	859,681 30,080	\$	- 75,000	\$	(594,813) (75,495)
Physical Curriculum		144,326		_		-		-		(144,326)
Special Instruction		666,351		_		462,705		_		(203,646)
Co-Curricular Activities		207,563		680		113,752		_		(93,131)
Total Instruction		3,000,596		347,967		1,466,218		75,000	•	(1,111,411)
Support Services:		0,000,000		011,001		., .00,2.0		. 0,000		(.,,
Pupil Services		265,645		785		4,408		_		(260,452)
Instructional Staff Services		242,686		-		86,841		_		(155,845)
General Administration		141,422		_		98,275		_		(43,147)
School Building Administration		396,230		_		_		_		(396,230)
Fiscal		127,079		_		_		_		(127,079)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		374,815		_		_		_		(374,815)
Facilities Acquisition/Remodeling		10,073		-		-		-		(10,073)
Pupil Transportation		347,281		-		20,439		-		(326,842)
Food Service		291,572		2,110		487,518		-		198,056
Central Services		20,442		, -		-		-		(20,442)
Insurance and Judgments		48,660		_		_		-		(48,660)
Other Support Services		325,894		-		-		-		(325,894)
Community Services		153,175		50		139,803		-		(13,322)
Other Non-Program		773,121		_		· -		-		(773,121)
Depreciation/Amortization - Unallocated		277,790		_		_		-		(277,790)
Total Support Services		3,795,885		2,945		837,284			•	(2,955,656)
Total Primary Government	\$	6,796,481	\$	350,912	\$	2,303,502	\$	75,000		(4,067,067)
	Та	eral Revenues: axes: Property Taxes Other Taxes ate and Federa			•					1,492,881 846
	Int	General Other terest and Inves scellaneous Total Genera	tment E	arnings						2,799,338 590,203 14,615 243,732 5,141,615
	Chai	nge in Net Pos	ition							1,074,548
	Net F	Position - Begin	ning of `	Year						11,513,400
	Net I	Position - End	of Year						\$	12,587,948

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

			lm	Capital provements		Other		
		General		Trust	Go	vernmental		
		Fund		Fund		Funds		Totals
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	2,816,630	\$	3,885,251	\$	545,798	\$	7,247,679
Taxes Receivable		445,767		-		-		445,767
Due from Other Governments		261,923		-		9,340		271,263
Due from Other Funds		654		400,000		-		400,654
Total Assets	\$	3,524,974	\$	4,285,251	\$	555,138	\$	8,365,363
	<u> </u>	-,,		.,,			<u> </u>	-,,
LIABILITIES, DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	11,559	\$	-	\$	2,639	\$	14,198
Accrued Salaries and Wages,								
Payroll Taxes, and Withholdings		494,579		-		-		494,579
Due to Other Funds		400,000		-		654		400,654
Unearned Revenues		-				11,247		11,247
Total Liabilities		906,138		-		14,540		920,678
Fund Balances:								
Restricted		31,614		4,285,251		540,598		4,857,463
Unassigned		2,587,222		_		_		2,587,222
Total Fund Balances		2,618,836		4,285,251		540,598		7,444,685
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	•	0.504.05	•	4 005 05 1	•	555 463	•	0.005.000
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	3,524,974	\$	4,285,251	\$	555,138	\$	8,365,363

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 7,444,685
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:		
Land Land Improvements Buildings Equipment	\$ 22,650 910,248 7,503,360 2,188,017	
Construction in Progress Lease Asset (Right of Use) Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	418,876 25,108 (6,627,894)	4,440,365
Pension liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources are not reported in the fund statements but are reported in the statement of net position. These balances at year-end are:		
State Life Insurance Plan Total OPEB Liability State Life Insurance Plan Deferred Outflows of Resources State Life Insurance Plan Deferred Inflow of Resources Other Postemployment Benefits Net OPEB Asset Wisconsin Retirement System Net Pension Asset Wisconsin Retirement System Deferred Outflows of Resources	(218,820) 83,754 (21,737) 254,658 1,272,499 2,393,128	
Wisconsin Retirement System Deferred Inflows of Resources Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:	(2,999,424)	764,058
Lease Liability (Right to Use) Vested Employee Benefits	(16,408) (44,752)	(61,160)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 12,587,948

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	In	Capital nprovements Trust Fund	Other Governmen Funds	ıtal		Totals
REVENUES							
Local Sources:							
Property Taxes	\$ 1,492,881	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,492,881
Other Local Sources	105,808		11,096	154	,250		271,154
Interdistrict Sources	342,549		-		-		342,549
Intermediate Sources	94,660		-		-		94,660
State Sources	3,995,808		-	2	,398		3,998,206
Federal Sources	911,502		-	586	,780		1,498,282
Other Sources	173,292		-		5		173,297
Total Revenues	7,116,500		11,096	743	,433		7,871,029
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction:							
Regular Instruction	1,942,516		-		-		1,942,516
Vocational Instruction	189,836		-		-		189,836
Physical Curriculum	152,678		-		-		152,678
Special Instruction	716,035		-		-		716,035
Co-Curricular Activities	132,205		-	89	,528		221,733
Support Services:							
Pupil Services	273,224		-		-		273,224
Instructional Staff Services	284,391		_		-		284,391
General Administration	149,027		_		-		149,027
School Building Administration	420,927		_		-		420,927
Fiscal	140,128		_		-		140,128
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	398,552		_	39	,940		438,492
Facilities Acquisition/Remodeling	85,606		446,667		_		532,273
Pupil Transportation	347,281		-		_		347,281
Food Service	_		_	308	,806		308,806
Central Services	20,442		_		-		20,442
Insurance and Judgments	48,660		_		_		48,660
Debt Service	8,700		_		_		8,700
Other Support Services	14,487		_		_		14,487
Community Services	,		_	163	,379		163,379
Other Non Program	773,121		_	.00	,		773,121
Total Expenditures	6,097,816		446,667	601	,653		7,146,136
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	1,018,684		(435,571)	141	,780		724,893
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	_		400,000		_		400,000
Transfers Out	(400,000)		-		_		(400,000)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(400,000)		400,000		-		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	618,684	_	(35,571)	141	,780	_	724,893
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	2,000,152		4,320,822	398	,818,		6,719,792
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,618,836	\$	4,285,251	\$ 540	,598	\$	7,444,685

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 724,893
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. In the current period these amounts are:		
Capital Outlays Reported in Governmental Fund Statements Depreciation/Amortization Expense Reported in the Statement of Activities	659,457 (277,790)	381,667
Some assets not currently available are reported as deferred inflows resources in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.		(321,614)
Pension expenditures in the governmental funds are measured by current year employee contributions. Pension expense in the statement of activities is measured by the change in net pension asset and the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources.		314,985
OPEB expenditures in the governmental funds are measured by current year employee contributions. OPEB expenses on the statement of activities are measured by the change in the net OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources.		
Single-Employer OPEB Plan Multiple-Employer OPEB Plan (State Life Insurance)	5,889 (29,522)	(23,633)
In governmental funds, interest payments on outstanding debt are reported as an expenditure when paid. In the statement of activities interest is reported as it accrues:		
The amount of right-to-use lease principal payments in the current year	8,700	8,700
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Net Change in Vested Employee Benefits	(10,450)	(10,450)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 1,074,548

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

		Employee Benefit Trust Fund				
ASSETS	_					
Cash and Investments	5	6 43	32,816			
LIABILITIES						
Due to Governmental Funds	_					
NET POSITION						
Restricted	<u> </u>	6 43	32,816			

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		mployee Benefit ust Fund
ADDITIONS Interest	\$	5,889
DEDUCTIONS Benefits		19,664
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(13,775)
Net Position, Beginning of Year		446,591
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	432,816

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the School District of Cornell (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below.

B. Reporting Entity

The School District of Cornell is organized as a common school district. The District, governed by a five-member elected school board, operates grades pre-kindergarten through 12 and is comprised of all or parts of nine taxing districts.

The financial reporting of the District is defined by the GASB to consist of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that the exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The basic financial statements of the District consist solely of the primary government. No other organizations were identified for inclusion in the financial reporting entity of the District.

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds) as described below:

Government-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities present financial information about the District's governmental type activities. (The District had no business-type activities for the reporting year.) These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds; each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District has the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Long Term Capital Improvement Trust Fund – The long-term capital improvements fund is used to account for the accumulation of assets for future capital improvements projects.

The remaining governmental funds (the food service fund, special projects fund, and community service fund) are reported as nonmajor funds.

Additionally, the District reports the following fiduciary fund:

Employee Benefit Trust Fund – The Employee Benefit Trust Fund is used to account for resources held in trust for formally established employee benefit plans.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Fiduciary funds do not have a measurement focus.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after the end of the fiscal year. State and federal aids under cost reimbursement programs are generally recognized when earned if expected to be collected in the subsequent year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District may fund certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues.

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The District is required to invest its funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes 66.0603 and 67.11(2). State statutes permit the District to invest available cash balances, other than debt service funds, in time deposits of authorized depositories, U.S. treasury obligations, U.S. agency issues, high-grade commercial paper, and the local government pooled-investment fund administered by the state investment board. Available balances in the debt service fund may be invested in municipal obligations, obligations of the United States and the local government pooled-investment fund.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Donations to the District of securities or other property are considered trust funds and are invested as the donor specifies. In the absence of any specific directions, the District may invest the donated items in accordance with the laws applicable to trust investments.

Funds held in the Employee Benefit Trust Fund to provide for postemployment health care benefits and other postemployment benefits may be invested in any kind of property or type of investment consistent with the prudent investor rule set forth in WI Stat. 881.01. This rule requires the trustee of an Employee Benefit Trust Fund to exercise reasonable care, skill, and caution when investing and managing the assets of the trust.

All investments are stated at fair market value, except the AUL annuity contract and Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), which are valued at amortized cost.

2. Receivables and Payables

Property Taxes. Under Wisconsin law, personal property taxes and first installment real estate taxes are collected by city, town, and village treasurers or clerks who then make proportional settlement with the school district and District treasurer for those taxes collected on their behalf. The District treasurer who then makes settlement with the city, town, village, and school districts before retaining any for District purposes collects second installment real estate taxes and delinquent taxes.

The District's property taxes are levied on or before October 31 on the equalized property valuation certified by the Department of Revenue. As permitted by a collecting municipality's ordinance, taxes may be paid in full or two or more installments with the first installment payable the subsequent January 31st, and a final payment no later than the following July 31st. The District is paid by the collecting municipality its proportionate share of tax collections received through the last day of the preceding month on or before January 15th, and by the 20th of each subsequent month thereafter. On or before August 20th, the District treasurer makes full settlement to the District for any remaining balance. The District assumes all responsibility for delinquent real property taxes.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the period for which taxes are levied. The 2021 tax levy is used to finance operations of the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. All property taxes are considered due on January 1st, when an enforceable lien is assessed against the property and the taxpayer is liable for the taxes. All taxes are collected within 60 days of June 30th and are available to pay current liabilities.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

2. Receivables and Payables (Continued)

Accounts Receivable. Accounts receivable are shown at gross amounts. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded.

Interfund Balances. The current portion of lending/borrowing arrangements between funds is identified as "due to/from other funds". The noncurrent portion of outstanding balances between funds is reported as "advances to/from other funds". Advances between funds are classified as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. For government-wide financial statements, eliminations were made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type.

3. Prepaid Expenditures

Expendable supplies or noncapital items acquired for initial use in subsequent fiscal periods are recorded as prepaid expenses. Prepaid insurance or service contracts are not recorded unless their recognition as an expenditure would result in more than one year's cost being recorded.

4 Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or estimated historical cost, for assets where actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are reported as capital assets at their estimated acquisition value at the time received.

The District's capitalization threshold is \$5,000 or more and assets are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Land Improvements
 Buildings & Improvements
 Furniture and Equipment
 20 Years
 10-15 Years
 5-20 Years

5. Deferred Outflows of Resources

The District reports decreases in net position or fund equity that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position or governmental fund balance sheet. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for pension and OPEB related items.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

6. Deferred Inflows of Resources

The District's governmental activities and governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element reflects an increase in net position or fund equity that applies to a future period. The District will not recognize the related revenue until a future event occurs. The District also reports deferred outflows of resources for pension and OPEB related items.

7. Compensated Absences

The District's policy allows nonteacher employees to earn varying amounts of vacation pay for each year employed. Upon retirement or termination of employment, these employees are entitled to payment of \$7.50 per hour of unused vacation time.

Postemployment Benefits – As provided in applicable employee handbooks, the plan provides that the District will pay 81% of the health insurance premiums for up to a maximum period of 7 years for eligible retirees that retired prior to June 2007.

For eligible employees that were still employed at June 30, 2007, the 81% of premium benefit was replaced with a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA). Eligible employees who were hired prior to 2006 but retiring after 2007 with a minimum of 15 years of service to the District, can receive up to a maximum of \$140,000 (28 years and \$5,000 for each year of employment with the District) in payments to the HRA to be paid over 10 years after retirement.

There are no post-employment benefits for teachers hired after 2006.

8. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

9. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - Multiemployer Plan

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of member contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. As required by state statute, premium and accrued interest received as part of the proceeds are recorded in the debt service fund.

11. Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

12. Equity Classifications

Fund equity, representing the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is classified as follows in the District's financial statements:

Government-Wide Statements. Fund equity is classified as net position in the government-wide financial statements and is displayed in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement for those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is displayed as unrestricted.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

12. Equity Classifications (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report components of fund balance to provide information about fund balance availability for appropriation. Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that are inherently nonspendable or assets are legally or contractually required to be maintained. Restricted fund balance represents amounts available for appropriation but intended for a specific use and is legally restricted by outside parties. Committed fund balance represents constraints on spending that the government imposes upon itself by high-level formal action prior to the close of the fiscal period. Assigned fund balance represents resources intended for spending for a purpose set by the government body itself or by some person or body delegated to exercise such authority in accordance with policy established by the board. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the District's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District adopted a fund balance policy; in which the board retains the authority to assign fund balance. When restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available for an expenditure, it is the District's practice to first use restricted fund balance. When committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance is available for an expenditure, it is the District's practice to use committed, assigned, and finally unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and investments balance at June 30, 2022, were shown in the financial statements as follows:

Governmental Funds	\$ 7,247,679
Fiduciary Fund:	
Employee Benefit Trust Fund	 432,816
Total	\$ 7,680,495

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The above balances at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Deposits in Financial Institutions Investments with Fiscal Agent (Employee Benefit Trust) Investments Held by Custodian	\$ 3,735,559 432,816 12,019
Investment with Wisconsin Investment Series	
Cooperative (WISC):	
Money Market Funds	1,293,327
Certificates of Deposit	248,930
Corporate Bonds and Notes	1,957,348
Investments with State Local Government	
Pool - Investment Fund (LGIP)	6
Petty Cash	490
Total	\$ 7,680,495

Deposits at Financial Institutions

The insurance coverage of public unit accounts depends upon the type of deposit and the location of the insured depository institution. All time and savings deposits owned by a public unit and held by the public unit's official custodian in an insured depository institution within the State in which the public unit is located are added together and insured up to \$250,000. Separately, all demand deposits owned by a public unit and held by the public unit's official custodian in an insured depository institution within the State in which the public unit is located are added together and insured up to \$250,000. For the purpose of these rules, the term 'time and savings deposits' includes NOW accounts and money market deposit accounts but does not include interest-bearing demand deposit accounts (which were permitted after July 21, 2011). The term 'demand deposits' means both interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing deposits that are payable on demand and for which the depository institution does not reserve the right to require advance notice of an intended withdrawal.

The insurance coverage of accounts held by government depositors is different if the depository institution is located outside the State in which the public unit is located. In that case, all deposits, both time and savings deposits and demand deposits, owned by the public unit and held by the public unit's official custodian are added together and insured up to \$250,000. Time and savings deposits are not insured separately from demand deposits. Coverage under the State Guarantee Fund may not exceed \$400,000 above the amount of coverage under federal depository insurance at any institution and is limited by the availability of the appropriations authorized therein. (Due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the total coverage, total recovery of losses may not be available.) Also, Section 34.07 of the Wisconsin Statutes authorizes the District to collateralize its deposits that exceed the amount of coverage provided by federal depository insurance and the State Guarantee Fund. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of failure, the District's deposits may not be returned.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Deposits at Financial Institutions (Continued)

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. At June 30, 2022, District deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

Deposits in State Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)

The state of Wisconsin offers a Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) to local government units to enable them to voluntarily invest idle funds in State Investment Fund. Local funds are pooled with state funds and invested by the State Investment Board. There is no minimum or maximum amount that can be invested by a local governmental unit. Interest is earned on a daily basis and withdrawals are generally available on the day of request. Deposits in the LGIP are not covered by federal depository insurance but are subject to coverage under the State Guarantee Fund. Also, the State of Wisconsin Investment Board has obtained a surety bond to protect deposits in the LGIP against defaults in principal payments on the LGIP's investments (subject to certain limitations). The average monthly weighted average maturity of the State Investment Fund's investments for twelve-month period ended June 30, 2022 was approximately 52 days.

Investment with Fiscal Agent

The investments with fiscal agent consisted of an amount paid into the employee benefit trust fund. This amount is comprised of amounts invested in a fixed annuity account with American United Life Insurance Company. These funds are held at MidAmerica.

The District's investments at June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	Investm				
Description	< 1	1 to 2	2 to 3	Total	
Fixed Annuity	\$ 432,816	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 432,816	
Money Market Funds	1,293,327	-	-	1,293,327	
Corporate Bonds and Notes	-	1,957,348	-	1,957,348	
Certificates of Deposit	-	248,930	-	248,930	
State Local Government Pool (LGIP)	6	-	-	6	
Investments Held by Custodian	12,019			12,019	
	\$ 1,738,168	\$ 2,206,278	\$ -	\$ 3,944,446	

Credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The District's policy is to invest its funds in accordance with provisions of the Wisconsin Statutes previously discussed in Note 1.E.1.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

<u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the fair values of investments with maturity dates farther into the future are more sensitive to changes in market interest rates. The short weighted average maturities of the investments in the above external investment pool mitigates this risk to the District.

Fair Value Measurements

The District uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. The District follows an accounting standard that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and requires expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with this standard, the District has categorized its investments, based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used to measure the financial instruments fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities recorded on the combined statements of financial position are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using inputs that are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets accessible at the measurement date of identical financial assets and liabilities.

Level 2 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued based on quoted prices for similar assets, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term through corroboration with observable market data.

Level 3 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using pricing inputs which are unobservable for the asset, inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants and would use in pricing the asset.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Assets of the District are measured as follows:

Description	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3		Total	
Money Market Funds	\$	_	\$ 1,293,327	\$	_	\$ 1,293,327	
Corporate Bonds and Notes		-	1,957,348		-	1,957,348	
Certificates of Deposit		-	248,930		-	248,930	
Investments Held by Custodian			12,019			12,019	
			3,511,624			3,511,624	
Investments Measured at Amortized Co	st - LGII	P Funds				6	
Investments Measured at Amortized Co	st - Fixe	d Annuity				432,816	
						\$ 3,944,446	

B. Capital Assets

Changes in the capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets:							
Land	\$	22,650	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 22,650
Land Improvements		754,498		155,750		-	910,248
Buildings and Improvements		7,494,860		8,500		-	7,503,360
Furniture and Equipment		2,053,669		179,077		(44,729)	2,188,017
Work in Progress		102,746		448,432		(132,302)	418,876
Leased Asset (Right to Use)		25,108		-			25,108
Total Capital Assets		10,453,531		791,759		(177,031)	11,068,259
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization:							
Land Improvements		566,716		25,000		-	591,716
Buildings and Improvements		4,144,541		179,471		-	4,324,012
Furniture and Equipment		1,683,576		64,619		(44,729)	1,703,466
Leased Asset (Right to Use)		-		8,700			8,700
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization		6,394,833		277,790		(44,729)	 6,627,894
Governmental Activities Capital Assets							
Net of Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	\$	4,058,698	\$	513,969	\$	(132,302)	\$ 4,440,365

Depreciation/amortization was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Unallocated Depreciation/Amortization

\$ 277,790

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Due to/from Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount	Purpose
Capital Improvements Trust Fund General Fund	General Fund	\$ 400,000	Contribution made after year-end
General Fund	Special Projects	 654	Settle year end transactions
		\$ 400,654	

Transfers

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	 Amount	Purpose		
Capital Improvements Trust Fund	General Fund	\$ 400,000	Capital contribution		

D. Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations of the District for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

_		A	dditions	Red	ductions	_		Du	mounts e Within ne Year
\$	25,108	\$	-	\$	8,700	\$	16,408	\$	8,043
	34,302		10,450		_		44,752		44,752
\$	59,410	\$	10,450	\$	8,700	\$	61,160	\$	52,795
	_	34,302	July 1, 2021 A \$ 25,108 \$ 34,302	July 1, 2021 Additions \$ 25,108 \$ - 34,302 10,450	July 1, 2021 Additions Red \$ 25,108 \$ - 34,302 \$ 10,450	July 1, 2021 Additions Reductions \$ 25,108 - \$ 8,700 34,302 10,450 -	July 1, 2021 Additions Reductions June \$ 25,108 - \$ 8,700 \$ 34,302 10,450 -	July 1, 2021 Additions Reductions June 30, 2022 \$ 25,108 \$ - \$ 8,700 \$ 16,408 34,302 10,450 - 44,752	Balances Additions Reductions Balances Du \$ 25,108 - \$ 8,700 \$ 16,408 \$ 34,302 \$ 10,450 - 44,752

The District's estimated liability for vested employee benefits is generally liquidated by the general fund.

Lease Liability: Right-to-Use Asset Agreements

The District is party to a right-to-use lease arrangement with E.O. Johnson for the right to use copiers and printers. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$25,108. The District used the incremental borrowing rate for the right-to-use agreements if an interest rate was not provided in the lease agreement.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The principal and interest costs for such leases for governmental funds was \$16,409 for the year ended June 30, 2022. The future minimum lease payments for the lease payments for these agreements are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal			
2023	\$	8,043		
2024		9,021		
2025		335		
Total		17,399		
Less: Amount Representing Interest		991		
Net Present Value of Future Lease Payments	\$	16,408		

These lease agreements qualify as right-to-use assets for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. The assets acquired through right-to-use asset lease agreements are as follows:

	 ernmental ctivities
Right-to-Use Assets:	
Leased Asset - Equipment	\$ 25,108
Less: Accumulated Amortization	 8,700
Total	\$ 16,408

E. Governmental Fund Balances

The governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Total	Restricted		U	Inassigned
Major Funds:					
General Fund					
Common School Fund	\$ 16,043	\$	16,043	\$	-
Get Kids Ahead Funding	15,571		15,571		-
General Fund	2,587,222				2,587,222
Subtotal General Fund	2,618,836		31,614		2,587,222
Long-Term Capital Improvements Trust Fund	4,285,251		4,285,251		-
Nonmajor funds:					
Special Revenue Funds:					
Special Projects	259,435		259,435		-
Food Service Program	243,669		243,669		-
Community Service Programs	37,494		37,494		<u> </u>
Total Governmental Fund Balances at					
June 30, 2022	\$ 7,444,685	\$	4,857,463	\$	2,587,222

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION

F. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiemployer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible state of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Reports, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

F. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and Executives and Elected Officials. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the fiscal reporting period of July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, the WRS recognized \$155,707 in contributions from the employer.

Contribution rates as of June 30, 2022 are:

	Employee	Employer
General (including Teachers)	6.50%	6.50%

Post-Retirement Adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment (%)	Variable Fund Adjustment (%)
2012	(7.0)	(7.0)
2013	(9.6)	9.0
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0
2021	5.1	13.0

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

F. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

<u>Pension Assets/Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of</u> Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported an asset of \$1,272,499 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 and rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.01578747%, which was an increase of 0.00035388% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of (\$114,006). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description		rred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
Description	0	Resources	of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$	2,055,656	\$	(148,235)	
Changes of Assumptions		237,404		-	
Net Difference Between Projected and					
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan					
Investments		-		(2,846,686)	
Changes in Proportion and Differences					
Between District Contributions and					
Proportionate Share of Contributions		3,344		(4,503)	
District Contributions Subsequent to the				,	
Measurement Date		96,724		-	
Total	\$	2,393,128	\$	(2,999,424)	

\$96,724 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension Expe	ense	
Year Ending June 30:	Amount	Amount	
2023	\$ (61,5	64)	
2024	(345,5	09)	
2025	(150,9	68)	
2026	(144,9	79)	

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

F. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

<u>Pension Assets/Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2020
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset): December 31, 2021

Experience Study: January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020

Published November 19, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method: Fair Value

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 6.8% Discount Rate: 6.8%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.0%
Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Post-retirement Adjustments*: 1.7%

*No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018, to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total Pension Liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, price inflation, mortality, and separation rates. The total pension liability for December 31, 2021, is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

F Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

<u>Pension Assets/Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

	Long-Term		
		Expected	Long-Term
	Target	Nominal	Expected Real
	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Core Fund Asset Class:			
Global Equities	52.0%	6.8%	4.2%
Fixed Income	25.0%	4.3%	1.8%
Inflation Sensitive Assets	19.0%	2.7%	20.0%
Real Estate	7.0%	5.6%	3.0%
Private Equity/Debt	12.0%	9.7%	7.0%
Cash	-15.0%	0.9%	N/A
Total Core Fund	100.0%	6.6%	4.0%
Variable Fund Asset Class:			
Domestic Equities	70.0%	6.3%	3.7%
International Equities	30.0%	7.2%	4.6%
Total Variable Fund	100.0%	6.8%	4.2%

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

The Investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

F. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

<u>Pension Assets/Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

Discount rate. A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability, as opposed to a discount rate of 7.0% for the prior year. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84% (Source: Fixed income municipal bonds with 20years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2021. In describing this index fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.80% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	19	6 Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1% Increase		
		(5.80%)		(6.80%)	(7.80%)		
District's Proportionate Share of the		_					
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	902,928	\$	(1,272,499)	\$	(2,838,402)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

F. Other Postemployment Benefits – Single Employer Plan

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit health care plan as provided in applicable employee handbook. The plan provides that the District will pay 81% of the health insurance premiums for up to a maximum period of 7 years for eligible retirees that retired prior to June 2007. For eligible employees that were still employed at June 30, 2007, the 81% of premium benefit was replaced with a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA). Eligible employees who were hired prior to 2006 but retiring after 2007 with a minimum of 15 years of service to the District, can receive up to a maximum of \$140,000 (28 years and \$5,000 for each year of employment with the District) in payments to the HRA to be paid over 10 years after retirement. There are no postemployment benefits for teachers hired after 2006.

The plan does not issue separate financial statements.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	6
Terminated Plan Members Entitled to but	
not yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Memebers	-
Total	6

Contributions

The District's Trust Agreement states the District shall make contributions to the Trust from time to time as required per contractual agreement, and, in addition, such other contributions, if any, as it may determine in its discretion.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, no plan member contributions occurred.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

G. Other Postemployment Benefits - Single Employer Plan

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution to the employer (ARC), an amount determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45 (determined actuarially for the year ended June 30, 2009 and under the alternative measurement method for the years ended thereafter).

The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial/alternative measurement liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and thereafter the liability is considered to be fully funded.

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The below schedule presents the value of the assets in the plan in comparison to the accrued liability calculated in accordance with the alternative measurement method:

Total OPEB Liability (Asset), 6/30/2022		\$ 178,158
Fiduciary Net Position, 6/30/2022		432,816
Net OPEB Liability (Asset), 6/30/22	_	\$ (254,658)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	_	

of the Total OPEB Liability 243%

The District uses alternative measurement method for determining its liability for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and thereafter. The following is a summary of those significant methods and assumptions:

There were six retirees receiving benefits at the time of the latest alternative measurement, a 100% probability factor of employees staying until retirement was used in determining turnover based on inquires of those employees covered, no increase in health insurance premiums was necessary as the calculation for those under the old retirement language is complete. Management believes that the entire liability is fully funded. A historical age-based retirement date of 58 was used in the calculations. Finally, a rate of return of the investment used in the calculations is 1.5%.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value, which is determined by the underlying investments held by the group variable annuity contract invested with American United Life Insurance Company and deposit account at Citizens State Bank. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense, was 0.61%.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits – Multiemployer Plan

Plan Description

The LRLIF is a multiemployer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides postemployment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Retiree Life Insurance Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Benefits Provided. The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for postage 64 retired members and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions. The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates as of June 30, 2022 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution					
50% Post Retirement Coverage 25% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of employee contribution 20% of employee contribution					

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits – Multiemployer Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Employee contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The employee contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2021 are:

Attained Age	Basic			
Under 30	\$0.05			
30-34	0.06			
35-39	0.07			
40-44	0.08			
45-49	0.12			
50-54	0.22			
55-59	0.39			
60-64	0.49			
65-69	0.57			

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$757 in contributions from the employer.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$218,820 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021 and rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.03702300%, which was an increase of 0.001484% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits – Multiemployer Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$30,241. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defe Outfl		Deferred Inflows		
Description	of Reso	ources	of F	Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	-	\$	(11,131)	
Changes of Assumptions		2,847		(10,606)	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings					
on OPEB Plan Investments		66,113		-	
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between District					
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		14,456		-	
District Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement					
Date		338		-	
Total	\$	83,754	\$	(21,737)	

\$338 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	(PEB
	E	kpense
Year Ending June 30,		mount
2023	\$	13,769
2024		13,436
2025		12,262
2026		14,353
2027		7,000
Thereafter		859

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits – Multiemployer Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date

January 1, 2021

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset)

December 31, 2021

Experience Study: January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020

Publised November 19, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield 2.06% Long-Term Expected Rate of Return 4.25% Discount Rate 2.17%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.0% Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018, to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total OPEB Liability changed from prior year, including the price inflation, mortality, and separation rates. The total pension liability for December 31, 2021, is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A-Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits – Multiemployer Plan (Continued)

<u>OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (Continued)</u>

			Long-Term
			Expected
		Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Index	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Long Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Interim Credit	45.0%	1.68%
U.S. Long Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Long Credit	5.0%	1.82%
U.S. Mortgages	Bloomberg US MBS	50.0%	1.94%
Inflation			2.30%
Long-Term Expected Rat	4.25%		

The long-term expected rate of return remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25%. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The expected inflation rate increased from 2.20% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.3% as of December 31, 2021.

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 2.17% was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 2.25% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 2.12% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.06% as of December 31, 2021. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 2.17%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.17%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.17%) than the current rate:

	Current							
	1% Decrease			Discount	1% Increase			
	((1.17%)	Rat	te (2.17%)	(3.17%)			
District's Proportionate Share of the	-							
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	296,859	\$	218,820	\$	160,098		

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits - Multiemployer Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (Continued)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

I. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the District. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

J. Limitation on School District Revenues

Wisconsin statues limit the amount of revenues school districts may derive from general school aids and property taxes. The annual revenue increase from these sources is based on pupil count and is limited to the amount approved by legislative action unless a higher amount has been approved by a referendum. The State has also placed a limit on the decrease in the annual revenue cap due to declining enrollments. The State further allows an exemption equal to 75% of the prior year unused allowable revenue.

This limitation does not apply to revenues needed for payment of any general obligation debt service (including refinanced debt) authorized by either of the following:

- A resolution of the school board or by a referendum prior to August 12, 1993.
- A referendum on or after August 12, 1993.

K. Contracts and Commitments

The district is under contract for the track and tennis court replacement project. The remaining contract commitment at June 30, 2022 is \$96,310.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Δmc	uinte			Fin	iance With al Budget - Positive
		Original	AIIIC	Final		Actual		legative)
REVENUES		Original	-	· ·····		7 totaai		togativo)
Local Sources:								
Property Taxes	\$	1,492,881	\$	1,492,881	\$	1,492,881	\$	_
Other Local Sources		86,000	•	86,000	·	105,808		19,808
Interdistrict Sources		314,897		314,897		342,549		27,652
Intermediate Sources		42,500		42,500		94,660		52,160
State Sources		3,745,613		3,745,613		3,995,808		250,195
Federal Sources		1,308,973		1,308,973		911,502		(397,471)
Other Revenues		997		997		173,292		172,295
Total Revenues		6,991,861		6,991,861		7,116,500		124,639
EXPENDITURES		0,001,001		0,001,001		7,110,000		121,000
Instruction:								
Undifferentiated Curriculum		1,560,518		1,560,518		1,504,715		55,803
Regular Curriculum		403,357		403,357		437,801		(34,444)
Vocational Curriculum		184,518		184,518		189,836		(5,318)
Special Curriculum		154,562		154,562		152,678		1,884
Physical Curriculum		761,585		761,585		716,035		45,550
Co-Curricular Activities		156,622		156,622		132,205		24,417
Total Instruction		3,221,162		3,221,162		3,133,270		87,892
Support Services:		-, , -		-, , -		., ,		,
Pupil Services		234,978		234,978		273,224		(38,246)
Instructional Staff Services		424,787		424,787		284,391		140,396
General Administration		173,393		173,393		149,027		24,366
School Building Administration		405,043		405,043		420,927		(15,884)
Fiscal		147,633		147,633		140,128		7,505
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		899,162		899,162		398,552		500,610
Facilities Acquisition/Remodeling		58,000		58,000		85,606		(27,606)
Pupil Transportation		372,768		372,768		347,281		25,487
Central Services		31,250		31,250		20,442		10,808
Insurance and Judgments		51,306		51,306		48,660		2,646
Debt Services		-		-		8,700		(8,700)
Other Support Services		21,329		21,329		14,487		6,842
Total Support		2,819,649		2,819,649		2,191,425		628,224
Non Program:		_,= ,= ,= ,= ,=		_,,		_,,,,		,
Instructional Services		918,412		918,412		773,121		145,291
Total Expenditures		6,959,223		6,959,223		6,097,816		861,407
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	•	32,638		32,638		1,018,684		986,046
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		,		,		. ,		,
Transfers Out				-		(400,000)		(400,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		32,638		32,638		618,684		586,046
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		2,000,152		2,000,152		2,000,152		_
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	2,032,790	\$	2,032,790	\$	2,618,836	\$	586,046

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM NET PENSION PLAN (ASSET) LIABILITY LAST TEN PLAN MEASUREMENT DATES

(SCHEDULE IS PRESENTED PROSPECTIVELY FROM IMPLEMENTATION)

Plan Measurement Date	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	SI N	oportionate hare of the et Pension bility (Asset)		Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/2021	0.01578747%	\$	(1,272,499)	\$	2,874,689	44.27%	106.02%
12/31/2020	0.01543359%	·	(963,540)	•	2,584,335	37.28%	105.26%
12/31/2019	0.01608581%		(518,679)		2,425,616	21.38%	102.96%
12/31/2018	0.01678336%		597,099		2,409,581	24.78%	96.45%
12/31/2017	0.01712524%		(508,468)		2,560,986	19.85%	102.93%
12/31/2016	0.01654132%		136,340		2,493,111	5.47%	99.12%
12/31/2015	0.01584667%		257,505		2,363,580	10.89%	98.20%
12/31/2014	0.01560158%		(383,112)		2,201,158	17.41%	102.74%

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (SCHEDULE IS PRESENTED PROSPECTIVELY FROM IMPLEMENTATION)

District Fiscal Year Ending	R	ntractually lequired ntributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)			Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
6/30/2022	\$	200,697	\$	(200,697)	\$		_	\$ 3,028,402	6.63%	
6/30/2021		181,880		(181,880)			-	2,694,518	6.75%	
6/30/2020		158,877		(158,877)			-	2,425,616	6.55%	
6/30/2019		161,442		(161,442)			-	2,409,581	6.70%	
6/30/2018		176,499		(176,499)			-	2,560,986	6.89%	
6/30/2017		164,545		(164,545)			-	2,493,111	6.60%	
6/30/2016		160,723		(160,723)			-	2,363,580	6.80%	
6/30/2015		154,413		(154,413)			-	2,201,158	7.02%	

Changes of Benefit Terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes in Assumptions. Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 Covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 202 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017 the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018 including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the post retirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY WISCONSIN LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND OPEB PLAN LAST TEN PLAN MEASUREMENT DATES

(SCHEDULE IS PRESENTED PROSPECTIVELY FROM IMPLEMENTATION)

OPEB Fiscal Year End Date (Measurement Date)	District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	Pro Shar OPl	District's portionate e of the Net EB Liability (Asset)	t District's Covered Payroll		District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)
12/31/2021 12/31/2020 12/31/2019	0.03702300% 0.03553900% 0.03302700%	\$	218,820 195,490 140,635	\$	1,745,000 1,636,000 1,531,000	12.54 % 11.95 9.19	29.57 % 31.36 37.58

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO WISCONSIN LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND OPEB PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(SCHEDULE IS PRESENTED PROSPECTIVELY FROM IMPLEMENTATION)

	_		Relat	butions in ion to the	_				
District's Fiscal Year End Date	Re	ractually quired rribution	Re	ractually equired ributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		District's Covered Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
6/30/2022	\$	757	\$	(757)	\$	-	\$	1,745,000	0.04 %
6/30/2021		708		(708)		-		1,636,000	0.04 %
6/30/2020		597		(597)		-		1,531,000	0.04 %

Changes of Benefit Terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in LRLIF.

Changes of Assumption. The ETF Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actual valuations of OPEB liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2018 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 5.00% to 4.25%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate form 2.7% to 2.5%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning form the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the presentation of budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and for each major special revenue fund. Budgetary information for the general fund is derived from the District's annual operating budget.

Budgets are adopted each fiscal year for all funds in accordance with Section 65.90 of the Wisconsin Statutes, using the budgetary accounting basis prescribed by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. The District's legally adopted budget and budgetary expenditure control is exercised at the function level in the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Reported budget amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by School Board resolution.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- Based upon requests from District staff, District administration recommends budget proposals to the school board.
- The school board prepares a proposed budget including proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the July 1 through June 30 fiscal year.
- A public notice is published containing a summary of the budget and identifying the time and place where the public hearing will be held on the proposed budget.
- Pursuant to the public budget hearing, the school board may make alterations to the purposed budget.
- Once the school board (following the public hearing) adopts the budget, no changes may be
 made in the amount of the tax to be levied or in the amount of the various appropriations and
 the purposes of such appropriations unless authorized by a 2/3 vote of the entire school board.
 The portion of fund balance representing carryover appropriations is reported as a committed or
 assigned fund balance.

Budget amounts in the financial statements include both the original adopted budget and the final budget.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds					Total Nonmajor		
	Special Projects	Food Service		Community Services			vernmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$ 260,089	\$	248,215	\$	37,494	\$	545,798	
Due from Other Governments	Ψ 200,003 -	Ψ	9,340	Ψ	-	Ψ	9,340	
Total Assets	\$ 260,089	\$	257,555	\$	37,494	\$	555,138	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Vouchers Payable	\$ -	\$	2,639	\$	-	\$	2,639	
Due to Other Funds	654		-		-		654	
Unearned Revenue			11,247				11,247	
Total Liabilities	654		13,886		-		14,540	
Fund Balances:								
Restricted	259,435		243,669		37,494		540,598	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 260,089	\$	257,555	\$	37,494	\$	555,138	

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	;	Special Revenue F	l otal Nonmajor	
	Special Projects	Food Service	Community Services	Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Local Sources:	\$ 113,952	\$ 2,105	\$ 38,193	\$ 154,250
State Sources	-	2,398	-	2,398
Federal Sources	-	485,120	101,660	586,780
Other Sources		5		5
Total Revenues	113,952	489,628	139,853	743,433
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction:				
Co-Curricular Activities	89,528	-	-	89,528
Support Services:				
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	-	39,940	-	39,940
Food Service	-	308,806	-	308,806
Community Services			163,379	163,379
Total Expenditures	89,528	348,746	163,379	601,653
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	24,424	140,882	(23,526)	141,780
Fund Balances- Beginning of Year	235,011	102,787	61,020	398,818
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 259,435	\$ 243,669	\$ 37,494	\$ 540,598

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN COMBINING BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FUND 10 AND FUND 27 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budgets Fund 10 General Fund	Fund 27 Special Education Fund	Eliminations	Combined	Final Budgets Fund 10 General Fund	Fund 27 Special Education Fund	Eliminations	Combined	Actuals Fund 10 General Fund	Fund 27 Special Education Fund	Eliminations	Combined
REVENUES												
Local Sources:												
Property Taxes	\$ 1,492,881	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,492,881	\$ 1,492,881	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,492,881	\$ 1,492,881	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,492,881
Other Local Sources	86,000	_	_	86,000	86,000	_	· ·	86,000	105,642	166	_	105,808
Interdistrict Sources	314,897	_	_	314,897	314,897	_	_	314,897	342,549	-	_	342,549
Intermediate Sources	23,300	19,200	_	42,500	23,300	19,200	_	42,500	63,077	31,583	_	94,660
State Sources	3,527,583	218,030	_	3,745,613	3,527,583	218,030	_	3,745,613	3,731,703	264,105	_	3,995,808
Federal Sources	1,152,376	156,597	_	1,308,973	1,152,376	156,597	_	1,308,973	795,379	116,123	_	911,502
Other Sources	997	-	_	997	997	-	_	997	173,292		_	173,292
Total Revenues	6,598,034	393,827		6,991,861	6,598,034	393,827		6,991,861	6,704,523	411,977		7,116,500
EXPENDITURES												
Instruction:												
Undifferentiated Curriculum	1,560,518	-	-	1,560,518	1,560,518	-	-	1,560,518	1,504,715	-	-	1,504,715
Regular Curriculum	403,357	-	-	403,357	403,357	-	-	403,357	437,801	-	-	437,801
Vocational Curriculum	184,518	-	-	184,518	184,518	-	-	184,518	189,836	-	-	189,836
Physical Curriculum	154,562	-	-	154,562	154,562	-	-	154,562	152,678	-	-	152,678
Special Curriculum	-	761,585	-	761,585	-	761,585	-	761,585	-	716,035	-	716,035
Co-Curricular Activities	156,622			156,622	156,622			156,622	132,205			132,205
Total Instruction	2,459,577	761,585		3,221,162	2,459,577	761,585		3,221,162	2,417,235	716,035		3,133,270
Support Services:												
Pupil Services	114,127	120,851	-	234,978	114,127	120,851	-	234,978	149,130	124,094	-	273,224
Instructional Staff Services	327,028	97,759	-	424,787	327,028	97,759	-	424,787	179,142	105,249	-	284,391
General Administration	173,393	-	-	173,393	173,393	-	-	173,393	149,027	-	-	149,027
School Building Administration	405,043	-	-	405,043	405,043	-	-	405,043	420,927	-	-	420,927
Fiscal	147,633	-	-	147,633	147,633	-	-	147,633	134,928	5,200	-	140,128
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	897,162	2,000	-	899,162	897,162	2,000	-	899,162	396,134	2,418	-	398,552
Facilities Acquisition/Remodeling	-	58,000	-	58,000	-	58,000	-	58,000	10,073	75,533	-	85,606
Pupil Transportation	363,295	9,473	-	372,768	363,295	9,473	-	372,768	337,352	9,929	-	347,281
Central Services	31,250	-	-	31,250	31,250	-	-	31,250	20,343	99	-	20,442
Insurance and Judgments	51,306	-	-	51,306	51,306	-	-	51,306	48,660	-	-	48,660
Debt Services	· -	_	-			-	-		8,700	-	-	8,700
Other Support Services	21,329	-	-	21,329	21,329	-	-	21,329	13,993	494	-	14,487
Total Support Services	2,531,566	288,083		2,819,649	2,531,566	288,083		2,819,649	1,868,409	323,016		2,191,425
Non-Program:												
Instructional Services	903,011	15,401		918,412	903,011	15,401		918,412	757,451	15,670		773,121
Total Expenditures	5,894,154	1,065,069		6,959,223	5,894,154	1,065,069		6,959,223	5,043,095	1,054,721		6,097,816
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES												
OVER EXPENDITURES	703,880	(671,242)	_	32,638	703,880	(671,242)	_	32,638	1,661,428	(642,744)	_	1,018,684
OVER EXI ENDITORED	700,000	(071,242)		02,000	700,000	(011,242)		02,000	1,001,420	(0+2,7++)		1,010,004
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers In	-	671,242	(671,242)	-	-	671,242	(671,242)	_	-	642,744	(642,744)	_
Transfers Out	(671,242)	-	671,242	-	(671,242)		671,242	-	(1,042,744)	-	642,744	(400,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(671,242)	671,242			(671,242)	671,242			(1,042,744)	642,744		(400,000)
- ' '	. ,/					. ,						,
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	32,638	-	-	32,638	32,638	-	-	32,638	618,684	-	-	618,684
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,000,152			2,000,152	2,000,152			2,000,152	2,000,152			2,000,152
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,032,790	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,032,790	\$ 2,032,790	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,032,790	\$ 2,618,836	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,618,836

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FUND 10 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Variance With Final Budget -
	Budge	eted Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Local Sources:				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,492,88	31 \$ 1,492,881	\$ 1,492,881	\$ -
Other Local Sources	86,00		105,642	19,642
Interdistrict Sources	314,89		342,549	27,652
Intermediate Sources	23,30		63,077	39,777
State Sources	3,527,58		3,731,703	204,120
Federal Sources	1,152,3		795,379	(356,997)
Other Sources		97 997	173,292	172,295
Total Revenues	6,598,03		6,704,523	106,489
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction:	4 500 5	4 500 540	4 504 745	FF 000
Undifferentiated Curriculum	1,560,5		1,504,715	55,803
Regular Curriculum	403,3	•	437,801	(34,444)
Vocational Curriculum	184,5		189,836	(5,318)
Physical Curriculum	154,50		152,678	1,884
Co-Curricular Activities	156,62		132,205	24,417
Total Instruction	2,459,5	77 2,459,577	2,417,235	42,342
Support Services:				
Pupil Services	114,12		149,130	(35,003)
Instructional Staff Services	327,02		179,142	147,886
General Administration	173,39		149,027	24,366
School Building Administration	405,04		420,927	(15,884)
Fiscal	147,63		134,928	12,705
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	897,16	62 897,162	396,134	501,028
Facilities Acquisition/Remodeling		-	10,073	(10,073)
Pupil Transportation	363,29		337,352	25,943
Central Services	31,2		20,343	10,907
Insurance and Judgments	51,30	06 51,306	48,660	2,646
Debt Services		-	8,700	(8,700)
Other Support Services	21,32		13,993	7,336
Total Support Services	2,531,56	2,531,566	1,868,409	663,157
Non Program:				
Instructional Services	903,0	11 903,011	757,451	145,560
Total Expenditures	5,894,1	5,894,154	5,043,095	851,059
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	703,88	703,880	1,661,428	957,548
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers Out	(671,24	<u>(671,242)</u>	(1,042,744)	(371,502)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	32,63	32,638	618,684	586,046
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,000,1	2,000,152	2,000,152	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,032,79	90 \$ 2,032,790	\$ 2,618,836	\$ 586,046

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FUND 27 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Variance With
	Dudgetee	d Amounto		Final Budget - Positive
	Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	Original	Tillal	7 totaai	(Negative)
Local Sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 166	\$ 166
Intermediate Sources	19,200	19,200	31,583	12,383
State Sources	218,030	218,030	264,105	46,075
Federal Sources	156,597	156,597	116,123	(40,474)
Total Revenues	393,827	393,827	411,977	18,150
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction:				
Special Curriculum	761,585	761,585	716,035	45,550
Support Services:				
Pupil Services	120,851	120,851	124,094	(3,243)
Instructional Staff Services	97,759	97,759	105,249	(7,490)
Fiscal	-	-	5,200	(5,200)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,000	2,000	2,418	(418)
Facilities Acquisition/Remodeling	58,000	58,000	75,533	(17,533)
Pupil Transportation	9,473	9,473	9,929	(456)
Central Services	-	-	99	(99)
Other Support Services	-	-	494	(494)
Total Support Services	288,083	288,083	323,016	(34,933)
Non Program:	45 404	45 404	45.070	(000)
Instructional Services	15,401	15,401	15,670	(269)
Total Expenditures	1,065,069	1,065,069	1,054,721	10,348
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(671,242)	(671,242)	(642,744)	28,498
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	671,242	671,242	642,744	(28,498)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number (ALN)	Pass-Through Entity	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Accrued Receivable (Unearned Revenue) July 1, 2021	Federal Expenditures	Grant Reimburse- ments	Accrued Receivable (Unearned Revenue) June 30, 2022
U.S. Department of Agriculture								
Child Nutrition Cluster:								
School Breakfast Program	10.553	WI DPI	2022-650441-DPI-SB-SEVERE-546	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 116.265	\$ 112,965	\$ 3,300
School Lunch Program:	10.555	WI DPI	2022 000 111 21 1 02 02 12 12 12 0 10	•	•	Ψ 1.0,200	ų <u>2,000</u>	Ψ 0,000
School Lunch			2022-650441-DPI-NSL-547	_	_	315,521	315,521	_
School Snack Program	10.555	WI DPI	2022-650441-DPI-SK NSLAE-561			6,402	6,402	
Food Donation (noncash)			A001-00000-091204	_	_	25,286	25,286	_
Total School Lunch Program (#10.555)						347,209	347,209	
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	WI DPI	2022-650441-DPI-SFSP-561	_	6,646	6,800	7,406	6,040
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	WI DPI	2022-091204-DPI-FFVPJULPUB-594		-	14,846	14,846	-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					6.646	485,120	482,426	9,340
					-,	,	1, 1	2,2
Federal Communications Commission								
COVID-19 Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009	Direct	N/A	_	-	15,980	15,980	-
U.S. Department of Education								
ESEA Title I-A Basic Grant	84.010	WI DPI	2022-650441-DPI-TIA-141	-	55,944	132,024	100,692	87,276
Special Education Cluster:								
Flow-Through	84.027	WI DPI	2022-650441-DPI-FLOW-341	-	98,105	93,816	170,092	21,829
IDEA Preschool Entitlement	84.173	WI DPI	2022-650441-DPI-PRESCH-347		379	22,307	21,793	893
Total Special Education Cluster				-	98,484	116,123	191,885	22,722
21st Century Learning Center Grant	84.287	WI DPI	2022-091204-DPI-T-IV-B-367	_	27,525	101,660	129,185	-
Small Rural Achievement Program (Title IV-B)	84.358	Direct	N/A	_	-	29,834	29,834	-
Quality Teachers and Principals (Title II, Part A)	84.367	WI DPI	2022-650441-DPI-TIIA-365	-	-	19,542	<u>-</u>	19,542
Title VI-A Student Support and Academic Achievement	84.424	WI DPI	2022-650441-DPI-TIV-A-381	_	-	17,568	-	17,568
			2022-650441-DPI-ESSERII-163,					
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425U	WI DPI	2022-650441-DPI-ESSERFIII-165	-	320,552	187,218	507,770	-
Total Department of Education					502,505	603,969	959,366	147,108
·								
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services								
		WI DHS /						
Medicaid Cluster (School Based Services)	93.778	CESA #10	44232100	-	46,769	79,691	51,969	74,491
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ -	\$ 555,920	\$ 1,184,760	\$ 1,509,741	\$ 230,939
•								

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Award Agency/ Pass-Through Agency/Award Description	State Grant I.D. Identifying Number Number		Accrued Receivable (Unearned Revenue) July 1, 2021	State Expenditures	State Reimbursements	Accrued Receivable (Unearned Revenue) June 30, 2022
Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction						
Major State Programs:						
Special Education and School Age Parents:	255.101 [²	1] 091204-100				
Internal District Programs			\$ -	\$ 260,279	\$ 260,279	-
Participant in Co-op Program at CESA No. 10				6,612	6,612	
Total Special Education Program			-	266,891	266,891	-
General Aids:						
General Equalization Aid	255.201	091204-116	46,061	2,799,338	2,845,399	-
Aid for High Poverty School District	255.926	091204-121		21,683	21,683	
Total General Aids			46,061	2,821,021	2,867,082	
Total Major Programs			46,061	3,087,912	3,133,973	-
Nonmajor State Programs:						
Common School Fund	255.103	091204-104	-	23,660	23,660	-
Pupil Transportation	255.107	091204-102	-	14,351	14,351	-
Wisconsin School Day Milk Program	255.115	091204-109	-	2,398	2,398	-
Sparsity Aid	255.212	091204-162	-	156,753	156,753	-
School Based Mental Health Services	255.297	091204-177	-	39,541	39,541	-
Alcohol & Other Drug Abuse (AODA)	255.306	091204-143	-	14,613	-	14,613
Early College Credit Program	255.445	091204-178	-	540	540	-
Achievement Gap Reduction	255.504	091204-160	-	196,387	196,387	-
Educator Effectiveness Grant	255.940	091204-154	-	2,640	-	2,640
Per Pupil Aid	255.945	091204-113	-	310,898	310,898	-
High Cost Transportation Aid	255.947	091204-114	-	53,793	53,793	-
Assessments of Reading Readiness	255.956	091204-166	-	969	969	-
Aid for Special Education Transition Grant	255.960	091204-168	-	3,826	3,826	-
Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development						
Youth Apprenticeship	445.107	CESA #10	-	4,300	4,300	-
Educational Technology Expansion	445.109	EF204AM10005	-	50,000	50,000	-
Wisconsin Department of Justice						
School Safety Grant	455.206	16548		37,431	22,616	14,815
Total Nonmajor Programs				912,100	880,032	32,068
Total State Financial Assistance			\$ 46,061	\$ 4,000,012	\$ 4,014,005	\$ 32,068

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CORNELL CORNELL, WISCONSIN NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 GENERAL

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance (the Schedules) include the federal and state award activity of the School District of Cornell under programs of the federal and state governments for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in these Schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)* and the Wisconsin *State Single Audit Guidelines*. Because the Schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the School District of Cornell, they are not intended to and do not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District of Cornell.

NOTE 5 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the District's financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and State Single Audit Guidelines, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 6 FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed for the USDA Commodities Program (ALN 10.555).

NOTE 7 INDIRECT COSTS

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

NOTE 8 MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

Expenditures presented for the Medicaid School Based Services (SBS) Benefit represent only the federal funds for the program that the District receives from the Department of Health Services (DHS). District records should be consulted to determine the total amount expended for this program.

NOTE 9 SUBRECIPIENTS

The district did not pass-through any funds to subrecipients.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education School District of Cornell Cornell, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of Cornell, Wisconsin (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2022-001, 2022-002, and 2022-003, that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our test disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

School District of Cornell's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Eau Claire, Wisconsin February 14, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND STATE SINGLE AUDIT GUIDELINES

Board of Education School District of Cornell Cornell, Wisconsin

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the School District of Cornell, Wisconsin's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. We have also audited the District's compliance with types of compliance requirements described in the *State Single Audit Guidelines*, issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration that are applicable to each of its major state programs (including federal programs required to be tested as major state programs) for the same period. The District's major federal programs and major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the School District of Cornell complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative* Requirements, *Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the *State Single Audit Guidelines*. Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal and state programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Guidelines we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School District of Cornell's compliance with
 the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
 considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District of Cornell's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Guidelines, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District of Cornell's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and *State Single Audit Guidelines*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Eau Claire, Wisconsin February 14, 2023

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results						
Financial Statements						
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified					
2. Internal control over financial reporting:						
Material weaknesses(es) identified?	X no					
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yesX none reported					
3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yesXno					
Federal Awards						
1. Internal control over major programs:						
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yes X no					
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be Material weaknesses? 	yes X none reported					
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified					
 Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? 	yes Xno					
Identification of Major Federal Programs						
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster					
10.553, 10.555, 10.559, 10.582	Child Nutrition Cluster					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ <u>750,000</u>					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes <u>X</u> no					

Section I – Summary of A	Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results (Continued)						
State Awards							
1. Internal control over major programs:							
 Material weakness identified? 	ye	es _	Х	no			
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 	ye	es	Х	none reported			
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified						
3. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Guidelines?	y	es	X	no			
Identification of Major State program:							
State ID Number(s)	Name of State	Progran	n or Clu	ster			
255.101 255.201, 255.926	Special Educat General Aids	tion					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ <u>250,000</u>						
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Ve	es	Χ	no			

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results (Continued)

OTHER ISSUES

1.	Do the auditors' report or the notes to the financial statements include disclosure with regard to substantial doubt as to the auditee's ability to continue as a going concern?	No
2.	Does the auditors' report show audit issues (i.e., material noncompliance, nonmaterial noncompliance, questioned costs, material weaknesses, significant deficiencies, management letter comments, excess revenue or excess reserve) related to grants or contracts with funding agencies that require audits to be in accordance with the <i>State Single Audit Guidelines</i> :	
	Department of Public Instruction Department of Health Services	No No
3.	Was a management letter or other document conveying audit comments issued as a result of this audit?	No

4. Name and signature of Principal

5. Date of Report February 14, 2023

Section II – Findings Related to the Financial Statements

FINDING: 2022-001 Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Type of Finding: Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Reporting

Criteria: The District is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls and

for the fair presentation of the financial statements including related disclosures, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States

of America (GAAP).

Condition: The District does not have an internal control policy in place over annual financial

reporting that would enable management to conclude its annual financial statements and related footnote disclosures are complete and presented in

accordance with GAAP.

Context: The District has made the decision due to cost and other considerations to

outsource the preparation of the annual financial statements including footnote

disclosures.

Cause: The District relies on the audit firm to prepare the annual financial statements

and related footnote disclosures. However, they have designated an individual with suitable skill, knowledge, or experience to oversee their preparation and have reviewed, approved and accepted responsibility for the annual financial

statements and the related footnote disclosures.

Effect: The potential exists that a material misstatement of the annual financial

statements could occur and not be prevented or detected by the District's internal controls. This finding was identified and communicated in a prior period; remedial

action has not yet been taken.

Repeat Finding: See 2021-001

Recommendation: The District should continue to evaluate their internal staff capacity to determine

if an internal control policy over the annual financial reporting is beneficial.

Views of Responsible Officials: The District will continue to rely on the audit firm to prepare the financial statements and related footnote disclosures in accordance with GAAP. District management will review, approve and accept responsibility for these financial statements prior to the issuance. The District Superintendent is the official responsible for ensuring corrective

action of the deficiency.

Section II – Findings Related to the Financial Statements (Continued)

FINDING: 2022-002 Limited Segregation of Duties

Type of Finding: Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Reporting

Criteria: Generally, a system of internal control contemplates separation of duties such

that no individual has responsibility to execute a transaction, have physical access to the related assets, and have responsibility or authority to record the

transaction.

Condition: The auditors noted during the audit that the available staff may preclude a proper

separation of duties to assure adequate internal control.

Context: The limited size of the District's staff responsible for accounting and financial

duties may preclude a complete segregation of incompatible duties. The District has informed us that it may not be cost effective to hire the additional personnel

required to achieve complete segregation of duties.

Cause: The condition is due to limited staff available.

Effect: Lack of segregation of duties could result in a financial statement misstatement,

caused by error or fraud that would not be detected or prevented by District staff.

Repeat Finding: See 2021-002

Recommendation: The District should continue to evaluate its staffing in order to segregate

incompatible duties whenever possible.

Views of Responsible Officials: The District continues to work to achieve segregation of duties whenever cost effective. The District Superintendent is the official responsible for ensuring

corrective action of the deficiency.

Section II – Findings Related to the Financial Statements (Continued)

FINDING: 2022-003 Material Audit Adjustments

Type of Finding: Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Criteria: The District should have controls in place to prevent or detect a material

misstatement in the financial statements in a timely manner.

Condition: The audit firm proposed and the District posted to its general ledger accounts

journal entries for correcting certain misstatements.

Context: The District has informed us that they will continue to rely upon the audit firm to

propose such audit adjustments as are necessary to adjust the accounts in accordance with GAAP. Management will review and approve those entries prior

to recording them.

Cause: The District relies on the audit firm to propose certain adjusting entries.

Effect: The potential exists that a material misstatement of the annual financial

statements could occur and not be prevented or detected by the District's internal

controls.

Recommendation: The District should continue to evaluate their internal control processes to

determine if additional procedures should be implemented to ensure that the

accounts are adjusted to their appropriate year-end balances.

Views of Responsible Officials: The District has reviewed and approved such adjustments. The

District will review the adjustments again during the reconciling process at yearend 2023. The District Superintendent is the official responsible for ensuring

corrective action of the deficiency.

	Section III – Findings Related to Major Federal Programs
None	
	Section IV – Findings Related to Major State Financial Assistance Programs
None	
	Section V – Findings Related to State General Requirements
None	

